WHITE SANDS SPACE HARBOR AREA 1, WATERHOLE
(Space Shuttle Landing Facility Area 1, Waterhole)
White Sands Missile Range
West corner of Runway 17/35, approximately 4,000 feet from Range Road 10
White Sands vicinity
Doña Ana County
New Mexico

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Engineering Record
National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
Intermountain Regional Office
12795 Alameda Parkway
Denver, CO 80225-0287
HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD

WHITE SANDS SPACE HARBOR AREA 1, WATERHOLE
(Space Shuttle Landing Facility Area 1, Waterhole)

HAER No. NM-28-T

Location: White Sands Missile Range
West corner of Runway 17/35, approximately 4,000 feet from Range Road 10
White Sands vicinity
Doña Ana County
New Mexico

U.S.G.S. 7.5 Minute Las Cruces, New Mexico, Quadrangle, Universal Transverse Mercator Coordinates (center of runways): E 32.944408 N 106.41993 Zone 13S, NAD 1983

Construction: 1988

Architect: Not known

Builder: Not known

Present Owner: Commander, U.S. Army White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico 88002-5018

Present Use: Vacant

Significance: The Waterhole was a component of the White Sands Space Harbor (WSSH) from 1988-2011. Playing a minor support role at WSSH, this structure is a non-contributing resource within the WSSH Shuttle Landing Facility District, which is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion A for its association with the NASA Space Shuttle Program (SSP) with a period of significance of 1976-2011. Because the district achieved significance within the past fifty years, Criterion Consideration G also applies.
LIST OF ACRONYMS

ABGR  Alamogordo Bombing and Gunnery Range
ABS  Anti-lock Braking System
ACHP  Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
ACI  Archaeological Consultants, Inc.
AIAA  American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics
APE  Area of Potential Effects
ATC  Air Traffic Control
BTT  Basic Training Target
CCC  Civilian Conservation Corps
CIT  California Institute of Technology
CONEX  Container Express
DC-X  Delta Clipper, Experimental
DoD  Department of Defense
GPS  Global Positioning System
HAFB  Holloman Air Force Base
HPO  Historic Preservation Officer
HPWG  Historic Preservation Working Group
HUB  Harbor Utility Building
IGS  Inter Glide Slope
IHA  InoMedic Health Applications, LLC
JSC  Johnson Space Center
KSC  Kennedy Space Center
LC  Launch Complex
MD  McDonnell Douglas
MSBLS  Microwave Scanning Beam Landing System
MSFC  Marshall Space Flight Center
NASA  National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NAVAIDS  Navigational Aids
NEPA  National Environmental Policy Act
NHL  National Historic Landmark
NHPA  National Historic Preservation Act
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NPS</td>
<td>National Park Service</td>
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<td>NRHP</td>
<td>National Register of Historic Places</td>
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<tr>
<td>NSA</td>
<td>New South Associates</td>
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<tr>
<td>OCC</td>
<td>Operations Control Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>ORD</td>
<td>Army Ordinance Department</td>
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<tr>
<td>PAPI</td>
<td>Precision Approach Path Indicator</td>
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<tr>
<td>RFP</td>
<td>Request for Proposal</td>
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<tr>
<td>SCAPE</td>
<td>Self Contained Atmospheric Protective Ensemble</td>
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<tr>
<td>SHPO</td>
<td>State Historic Preservation Officer</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSP</td>
<td>Space Shuttle Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSRT</td>
<td>Single Stage Rocket Technology</td>
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<td>STA</td>
<td>Shuttle Training Aircraft</td>
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<td>STS</td>
<td>Space Transportation System</td>
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<td>TACAN</td>
<td>Tactical Air Navigation</td>
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<tr>
<td>TAL</td>
<td>Transoceanic Abort Landing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UHF</td>
<td>Ultrahigh Frequency</td>
</tr>
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<td>United States Army Air Force</td>
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<tr>
<td>USAF</td>
<td>United States Air Force</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITT</td>
<td>Vehicle Integration Test Team</td>
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<tr>
<td>WPA</td>
<td>Works Progress Administration</td>
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<td>WSMR</td>
<td>White Sands Missile Range</td>
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<td>White Sands National Monument</td>
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<td>White Sands Proving Ground</td>
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<td>White Sands Space Harbor</td>
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<tr>
<td>WSTF</td>
<td>White Sands Test Facility</td>
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PART I. HISTORICAL INFORMATION

A. PHYSICAL HISTORY

1. DATE OF CONSTRUCTION

The Waterhole was constructed in 1988.

2. ENGINEER

Not known.

3. BUILDER/CONTRACTOR/SUPPLIER

Not known.

4. ORIGINAL PLANS

Not available.

5. ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS

All mechanical equipment was removed once the facility was vacated in 2011. The U.S. Army initiated occupation and reuse of the facility in the summer of 2012.
PART II. STRUCTURAL/DESIGN INFORMATION

A. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1. CHARACTER

The Waterhole is located at the southwest corner of the southern end of Runway 17/35. This rectangular structure is a manmade water access facility dug in the gypsum desert floor. The rectangular-shaped hole measures approximately 80-feet by 400-feet. Elevated pumps were located at the southeast corner at the end of an access road. The water was pumped into trucks to be used during the compaction of the gypsum runways.

2. CONDITION OF FABRIC

When documented in March 2012, the Waterhole was inaccessible.

B. CONSTRUCTION

The Waterhole is a manmade water access facility.

C. MECHANICAL/OPERATION

The Waterhole featured a mechanical pumping station powered by portable generators.
PART III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION

A. ENGINEERING PLANS AND DRAWINGS

There are no known engineering plans or drawings of the Waterhole.

B. EARLY VIEWS AND HISTORICAL DATA

Historic photographs and maps of the WSSH are very limited. Historic views of the Waterhole can be found on pages 16-18 or this document. All views are captioned and dated as available. The other historical data comes from a variety of sources cited in the Bibliography below.

The historic photographs and most of the historical data used in this documentation came from sources within WSTF and WSSH. Other more current imagery was obtained from the online WSTF Media Archive. Many of the original photographs have been donated to the WSMR Museum for digitization and curation. A body of recent aerial photographs were located and photocopied for inclusion in the HAER document to supplement the current ground photography.

C. INTERVIEWS

The following NASA and WSMR employees were interviewed for this documentation.

Robert E. Mitchell, WSTF Manager, September 2011.

Frank Offutt, WSSH Manager, September 2011.

Timothy Davis, WSTF Historic Preservation Officer, September 2011 and March 2012.

Bill Godby, WSMR Historic Preservation Officer, September 2011.

Doyle Piland, WSMR Museum Archivist, September 2011.
D. BIBLIOGRAPHY


E. LIKELY SOURCES NOT YET INVESTIGATED

Research was conducted at WSSH and WSTF using primary and secondary sources. Sources that were not investigated that may contain secondary information are archived at NASA’s Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center in Houston, Texas.

Additional oral history interviews with other engineers and technicians could also prove useful.
PART IV. PROJECT INFORMATION

In 2011-2012, New South Associates (NSA), under contract with InoMedic Health Applications, LLC (IHA) of Kennedy Space Center, Florida, and in coordination with NASA and the U.S. Army, conducted background research and a historic architecture survey of resources at the NASA WSSH. The survey included the documentation and evaluation for NRHP eligibility for seventy-two resources located in four distinct areas. Based on this research, NSA determined that no properties remain at WSSH from the period prior to NASA acquisition in 1963 except for the footprint of the packed gypsum Runway 17/35.1

NSA recommended that the three NASA WSSH Runways and the Control Tower in Area 1 were individually eligible for listing in the NRHP and eligible as contributing resources to the “WSSH Shuttle Landing Facility District” under Criterion A and Criterion Consideration G for their association with the NASA SSP. None of the other sixty-eight inventoried properties were recommended individually eligible for listing in the NRHP due to lack of historical association with the NASA SSP or other historic contexts, lack of unique design or construction features, or insufficient integrity; however, nineteen of these properties, all of which lie within Area 1, were recommended as contributing resources to “WSSH Shuttle Landing Facility District,” even though they were not recommended individually eligible for the NRHP. The historic district contains a total of twenty-eight resources: twenty-three are contributing and five are non-contributing.

After formally ending the SSP on August 31, 2011, NASA disposed of the WSSH and released use of the property to the U.S. Army WSMR. The property transfer was a federal undertaking on federally-owned property and subject to compliance with Section 106 of the NRHP Act of 1966, as amended. The undertaking resulted in an Adverse Effect to the NRHP-eligible WSSH Shuttle Landing Facility District. To mitigate the adverse effects, NASA

completed HAER Level II documentation of the historic district and relocated the Control Tower to the WSMR Museum for conservation, exhibition, and public interpretation.

The mitigation plan was defined in a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA), executed between NASA, the U.S. Army, and the NM-SHPO in August 2012. The properties within the historic district were documented with large format photography in March 2012.
APPENDIX- LOCATION MAPS AND HISTORICAL VIEWS
Figure 1. Map of White Sands Military Reservation showing White Sands Space Harbor (Source: U.S. Army).
Figure 2. Map of WSSH showing location of the Waterhole in Area 1, which delineates the NRHP boundaries of the WSSH Shuttle Landing Facility District (Base Map Source: NASA WSTF).
Figure 4. Aerial view of the Waterhole (left), looking north, April 2007 (Source: NASA WSTF).
Figure 4. Aerial view of the Waterhole, looking southeast, 2006 (Source: NASA WSTF).
Figure 5. View of mechanical pumping equipment and portable generator at the Waterhole, looking northwest towards San Andres Mountains, February 2006 (Source: NASA WSTF).
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INDEX TO PHOTOGRAPHS

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New Mexico

David Diener, Photographer
March 27-29, 2012

NM-28-T-1
PHOTOCOPY OF AERIAL VIEW OF WATERHOLE LOOKING SOUTHEAST, APRIL 2006. COPY OF PHOTOGRAPH PROVIDED BY NASA WHITE SANDS TEST FACILITY, NEW MEXICO.